# PC-3: Subcutaneous prostate cancer xenograft tumor model



#### Subcutaneous mouse tumor models

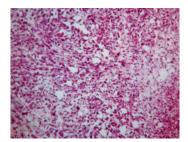
Subcutaneously implanted tumor cells represent a convenient means to test novel potential anticancer drugs *in vivo*. A large variety of human and murine cell lines derived from both, solid tumors or leukemias, covering a wide range of tumor geno- and phenotypes, have been adapted to grow in a murine host, and thus allow testing of a compound in the appropriate tumor model.

#### ➤ PC-3 cells

Human PC-3 cells were isolated from a patient with a prostate adenocarcinoma, from the bone as metastatic site.

A Hematoxylen-Eosin stained paraffin section of a subcutaneous PC-3 xenograft is shown on the right.

As routine quality controls, the cells are regularly checked for Mycoplasma contamination and authenticity (via STR DNA Typing).



**Figure 1:** Hematoxylin-Eosin stained paraffin section of a subcutaneous PC-3 xenograft

## Expression of oncology relevant proteins

Expression data using western blotting and immunohistochemistry are available for a selection of protein kinases. For information, please inquire!

### Tumor growth in vivo

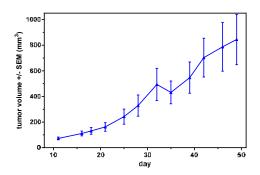
PC-3 cells harvested from tissue culture flasks are implanted into the subcutaneous space of the left flank of the mice. Resulting tumors are monitored by calipering twice weekly.

Animal weights are measured three times weekly.

Animal behaviour is monitored daily.

All mice are maintained in separated isolated housing at constant temperature and humidity.

Accessory services: tumor wet weight and volume measurement at necropsy, blood sampling, flow cytometry, paraffin embedding of tumor tissue, histological & pathological analysis, cytokine determination, provision of tumor tissue for target validation.



**Figure 2:** Tumor growth of PC-3 cells as subcutaneous xenograft in vivo, tumor volume, mean values +/- SEM

## Study example

In the study shown here, one group of mice bearing subcutaneous PC-3 xenografts was treated with Taxotere, the other group with vehicle only. Treatment started after randomisation when tumor volumes had reached a size of approximately 100-150 mm3.